Boosting Access to Positive Parenting for Families

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DISCLAIMER:

The contents of this presentation were developed by the presenters for the 2023 OSEP Conference. However, these contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

Resource Spotlight

- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) website
 - Brings together IDEA information and resources from the Department and its grantees.
 - <u>https://sites.ed.gov/idea/</u>
- IDEAS That Work
 - For information from research to practice initiatives funded by OSEP that address the provisions of IDEA and ESSA. This website includes resources, links, and other important information relevant to OSEP's research to practice efforts.
 - https://osepideasthatwork.org/





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Affirmations



Statements that are encouraging and motivating





Help us feel **optimistic** about change

Make a note!

Write a positive message to yourself and post if you feel comfortable

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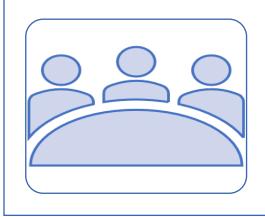


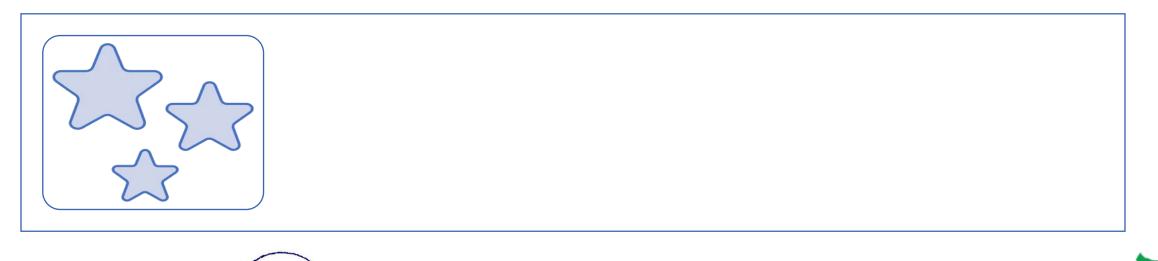
Positive Solutions for Families



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The Approach





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The Evidence



Positive Solutions for Families transfers these same key skills to parenting.

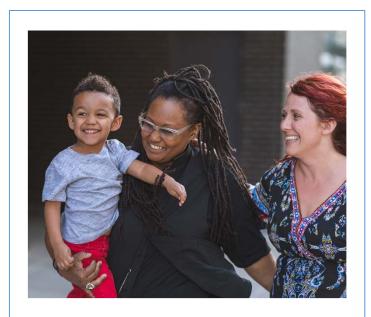
The Outcomes



Support their child's social-emotional development



Learn how to plan and support their child's behavior



Form family to family connections

Positive Solution for Families Sessions

- 1: Making the Connection
- 2: Keeping It Positive
- 3: Behavior Has Meaning
- 4: The Power of Routines
- 5: Teach Me What to Do
- 6: Responding with Purpose
- 7: Putting It All Together In a Plan

Session PowerPoints



Facilitator Scripts

Slide

Trainer Script - Session 4: The Power of Routines

Welcome

Post "Ground Rules" developed in the first session





Show Slide 2: What's Happening Today? We have some great new resources to share with you today as we focus on routines. We will focus on learning how to set up a routine for success and how to structure routines and transitions to prevent challenging behavior. As we go through the material today, you will learn new strategies to use with your child.

Reflect on Apply It and Try It

Show Slide 3: Apply It and Try It Review

experience they want to share?"

strategies."

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did and how it went?

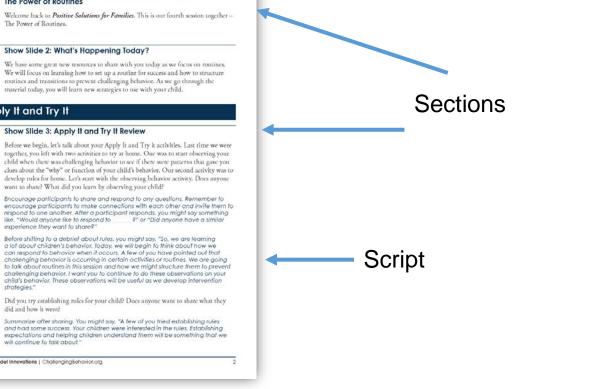
will confinue to talk about.



Before we begin, let's talk about your Apply It and Try it activities. Last time we were together, you left with two activities to try at home. One was to start observing your child when there was challenging behavior to see if there were patterns that gave you clues about the "why" or function of your child's behavior. Our second activity was to develop rules for home. Let's start with the observing behavior activity. Does anyone want to share? What did you learn by observing your child? Encourage participants to share and respond to any questions. Remember to encourage participants to make connections with each other and invite them to

Facilitator Notes

> IDEAs thatWork



Family **Materials**



	Teaching R	Rules at Home	
 and talk locat anige them. Start interdention to the rates sin encoursing and him ways nan scale solution of the rates sin solution of the rates and solution between the rate and demonstrate and net follow the rate. Do it for it Make a tripped story about the re- Make a tripped story about the re- affect they rates and point point. 	 d all "desire"). loss year child medic work work with the observation of the figure optimum for years child we have years child following the rules, see the child we have years child following year child the rule. re data the rules. re data the rules was a set of the figure of the following year child the rule in any year child the rule in any year child the rule in the times they have set of child we have the rule. Year might work the rule. re dottee rule, Year might work the rule in the times they have set of child the rule in the rule in the times they have set of child we rule in the rule with the dottee rule in the rule with the dottee rule in a the rule in the rule and have the set with the dottee rule in a the rule in the rule in the rule in the rule rule in the rule in t	set in the set of the	
Espera y toma turnos Vegarias connigo? Vegarias connigo? Vegarias connigo?	Consigue un reloj	al Contra to Pprovid Model Lasevelues Comparte Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda Diffe ayuda	Ge Q of the of the theta t







alm down area provides a child a place to calm down and take a break It is one strategy that might be used when children are feeling anxious, stressed, or erwhelmed. Families can help children learn how to take a break from activities or interactions that are challenging to them. Just like adults, young children might react to stress, frustration, and disappointment by becoming angry, shouting, refusing help from adults, or engaging in other challenging behaviors. Adults might use helpful strategies such as self-talk, deep breathing, or taking a break when they are feeling the need to take a break and calm down. The calm down area provides children with a place to let go of trong emotions and begin to feel calm and ready to engage with others again.

etting Started

calm down area or calm down spot does not need to require a lot of space. It might be a chair that your child prefers, a group oys that you child likes that are in a bedroom, or an area where you place a basker of calming toys. The only requirement is it is an area that is quiet, away from interactions with others, and soothing for the child.

n vou create vour calm down area, think of things that your child already uses to calm down. They might be stuffe mals, a favorite pillow, a puzzle, squishy toys, or books. Put those in the calm down spot. w your child that you have created a calm down area and let your child know that they can use the area when they nee

eel better". You might explain to your child that sometimes you go to a calm down spot that helps you feel better "When I am feeling frustrated with my

sometimes I lay down on the couch."). surage your child to play with what you put in the spot. You might add a visual helps the child take deep breaths (Irik) social story like "Tucker the Turtle ...) that might help your child calm down urage your child to get familiar with th a down area when they are calm. This will hem a chance to explore the items in th a down area and figure out what is most thing and calming.



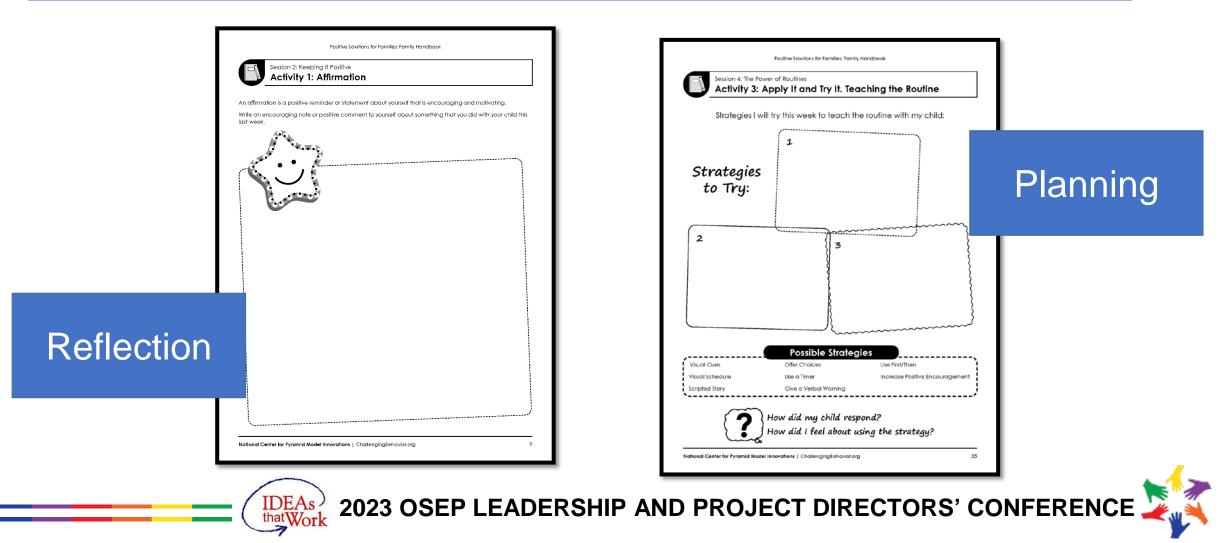


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Family Handbook



Family Routine Guide

Positive Solutions for Families: Family Routine Guide



Your child does not like being touched.

Prevent the Behavior

- Simplify Keep hair cut fairly short so that it is easier to manage.
- ▶ Handle with care Hold the end of the brush, comb, or toothbrush to guide your child in brushing.
- ▶ Have everything out and ready to use to reduce the amount of time that your child has to wait.
- Offer fun choices For brushing teeth, give your child a choice of what kind of toothbrush and what kind of toothpaste they can use (e.g., electric, character brand, favorite flavor, preferred color). For hair brushing, give your child a choice of a comb or brush, or wet it first or brush it dry.
- Download an app that can assist children to learn how to brush teeth.
- Play "Mirror, Mirror" Model for your child how to brush. Point to a mirror to have them watch reflection, demonstrate how to brush, and then say, "copy me" or "I go, now you go.". Praise any attempt to brush.
- Examine your materials Is the hairbrush or toothbrush too stiff or rough? Select a brush or comb type that will not pull hair or select a soft toothbrush.
- Encourage success Praise your child and let them know that you are so happy or proud of them.

Respond

- Validate feelings, and say, "I know it's not too fun brushing your ____. First, we'll brush fast and then (fun activity)."
- Praise any and all small attempts to brush teeth or hair.
- Offer choices (see suggestions in prevention), and then help follow through the routine quickly.
- Ask if they want to play "Mirror, Mirror" and model for your child how to brush, and then say, "copy me". Praise any attempt to brush.
- Ignore inappropriate behavior and help them follow through with minimal talking and emotion in your voice.
- ▶ Provide a countdown from 5; then provide gentle assistance by staying calm.

Teach New Skills

- Teach your child to make a choice, (e.g., "Do you want the red electric brush, or the regular blue brush?").
- Teach your child to play "Mirror, Mirror", and use the mirror to make it more fun. (e.g., "Look at me brush my teeth. Now you do it!") or brush your teeth or hair together at the same time.

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Positive Solutions for Families: Family Routine Guide

How to Use the Family Routine Guide for Young Children with Challenging Behavior

This Family Routine Guide can asist parents and caregivers in developing a plan to support young children who are using challenging behavior. Children engage in challenging behavior for a variety of reasons, but all children use challenging behavior to communicate messages. Challenging behavior, typically, communicate a need on except or avoid a person or activity or communicate as desire to obtain someone or something. Once caregivers understand the purpose or meaning of the behavior, they can begin to select strategies to change the behavior. They can do this by selecting prevention strategies, teaching new skills, and changing the way they respond to climinate or minimize the challenging behavior.

The Family Routine Guide includes strategies for the common routines and activities that occur during the family's week.

How the Guide is Organized



It is important to use all of the sections in the guide [Le. 1] function or why; 2] prevention strategies. 39 ways to respond to behavior, and 4) new skilled to develop a support plan that will be effective for your child. The guide provider ideas about commonly occurring situations and children's behavior. Please nose that this list might not address all intuations or reasons the child is using challenging behavior. If the child's purpose of challenging behavior is not represented on the chart, the parent is encouraged to write down it he purpose and then thinks of prevention strategies, new wells like to achieve all ways to respond to behavior.

Instructions for Use

A Family Planning Sheer is provided at the beginning of this Family Routine Guide for writing down the strategies that will be selected for the child. To develop the plan, first determine the routine(s) in which the child is having difficulty. Then look for the ration for why the child might be having torouble in the routine(s). Once you know why the child is using the challenging behavior, you can begin to look at the suggested strategies and determine what will work for your family and child. After you select the strategies that you will use, it is important to write down your plan using the Family Planning Sheet. If you write the plan down, you are more likely to implement the strategies.

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Making a Plan

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Vhat	
(child's name)	does during (rowline)
Why I think my child does it:	
What can I do to prevent the chal	lenging behavior?
How do I respond when challengin behavior occurs?	ng What new skills can I teach?
Vhat materials or resources do I nee	ed to implement the plans

Activity: Emotional Literacy



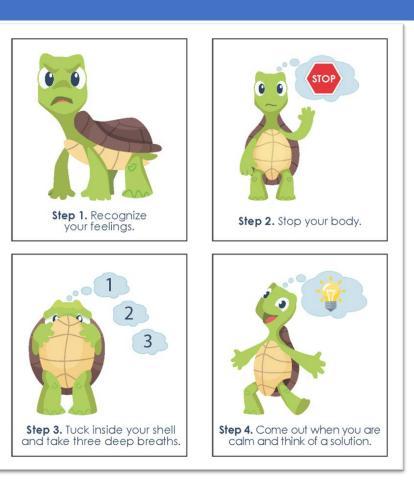
The goal is to help families get excited about & comfortable with teaching emotions

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Tucker the Turtle



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Adapting curriculum

Curriculum was modified to make the material more accessible for:

- Families with young children seeking parenting guidance
- Foster, adoptive and kinship (extended relatives) and other families
- Families with children with disabilities or at risk for disabilities
- Families with children experiencing behavioral challenges

Specific modifications

- Curriculum condensed from seven weekly to two 4-hour sessions
- Based on attrition rate, materials were then adapted to a one day 6hour session
- Class was presented in English and Spanish
- Reading level between 5-6th grade
- Class was didactic and experiential, Apply It and Try It activities
- Opportunities for participants to interact with each other
- Interventions were modified to address disabilities such as ADHD, ASD, IDD
- Collaboration with NAMI Chapter to refer families with high-intensity needs to Tier 2 intervention program

Presenters

- Class was presented in person
- Presenters were parents/caretakers with lived experience
- Facilitators were trained in the curriculum
- Lived experience included raising children with special needs, physical and or mental health needs
- Spanish speaking presenters were native Spanish speakers who work in education, family engagement, child development

Facility

- In the neighborhood where participants lived, maximizing accessibility
- Had a child care space
- Large enough for attendees to actively participate
- Classes were held at the local Arc, an established disability service agency and trusted community organization

Barriers

- Classes were free
- Child care was provided
- Snacks and lunch for parents and children were provided
- Gift cards to offset transportation and as an incentive
- Materials, handbooks, routine guide and *Tucker the Turtle* and *We Can Be Problem Solvers*

Trauma informed

- Acknowledgement of the trauma inherent in foster care and the relationship to disabilities
- The space was comfortable, restrooms, adequate lighting, sensory aids, appropriate personal space
- Presenters were trauma trained, respectful and accepting
- Participants were invited to participate but not required
- Trauma-triggered behaviors were explored along with appropriate responses
- Resources on trauma services were provided

Culturally responsive

- Class presented in English and Spanish
- Materials provided in English and Spanish
- Presenters spoke English and Spanish
- Slides had Latino cultural references such as names
- Child care provider who spoke Spanish
- Acknowledgement that attendees' experiences with their parents may have been very different

Recruitment

- Leveraged community connections to share class information and identify potential attendees
- These were safe and trusted connections such as home visitors or school staff
- Latino fathers attended, in one instance recruited by the mother attending the previous class



Attendance

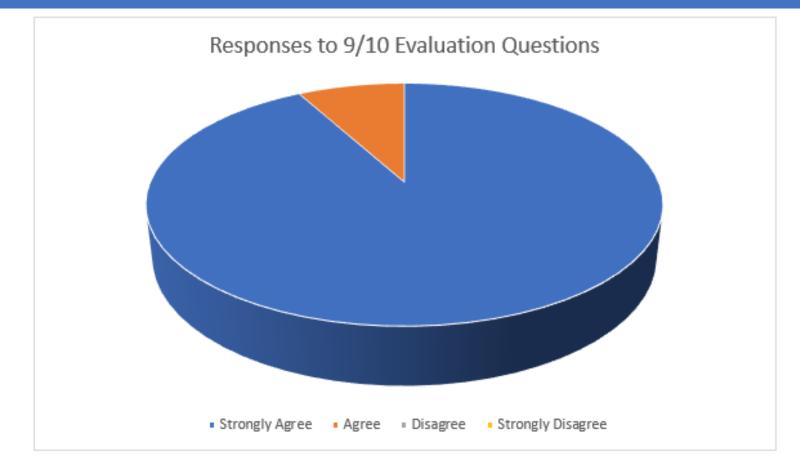
- Four sessions were held
- English 2-day session- 14 registered, 8 attended Day 1, 5 on Day 2
- English 2-day session- 24 registered, 5 attended Day 1, 8 on Day 2

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- Spanish 1-day session- 11 registered, 10 attended
- Spanish 1-day session- 13 registered, 10 attended
- Child care attendance respectively- 4, 5, 13, 10
- Presenters called registrants prior to the class

Evaluations and comments

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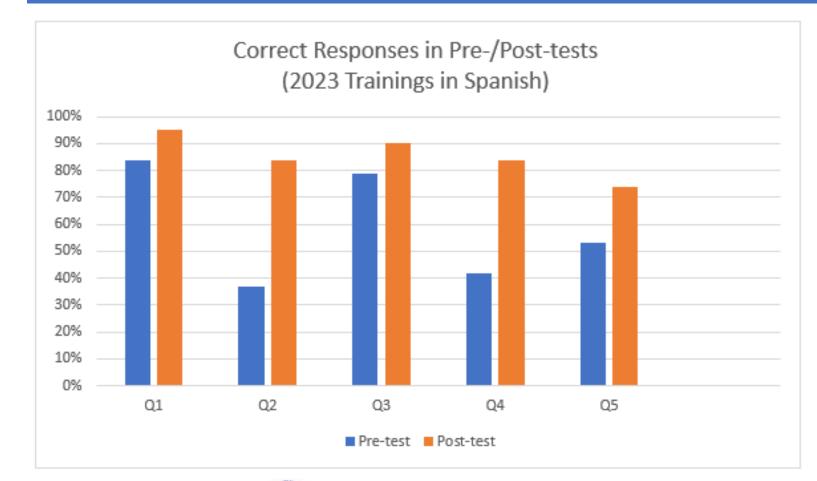


Evaluations and comments

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Learning Gains



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Q2) What are the ABC's of behavior?

Q3) What is an affirmation?

Q4) Name an effective way to teach a routine:

Q5) When is it the best time to teach your child?

Attendee feedback

- "Excellente"
- "The teaching materials, time given to share our experiences as parents in raising our children."
- "The information was well chosen and explained, the opportunity to share with more parents."



Lessons learned

- Addressing barriers increased attendance
- Calling registered families increased attendance
- Spanish-speaking presenters
- Professionally translated materials
- Curriculum needs to be adapted for the community
- Providing child care was important
- Need to allot time to address specific challenging behaviors or disabilities

Questions and Discussion